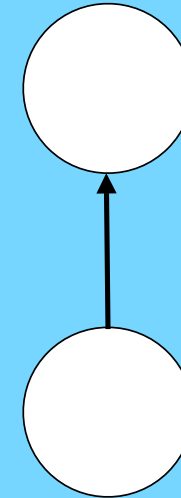


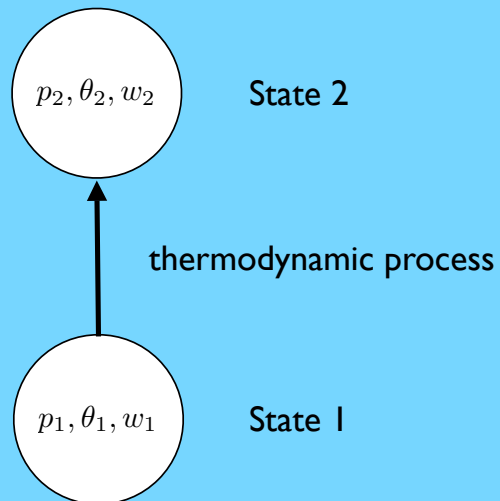
Parcel Model

- Goal is to predict how the properties of a parcel change due to various processes.
- The processes include dry adiabatic vertical displacements, condensation/evaporation, precipitation formation, entrainment and mixing, and radiative heating/cooling.
- Buoyancy and vertical acceleration can be calculated if the environmental profile of virtual potential temperature is known.

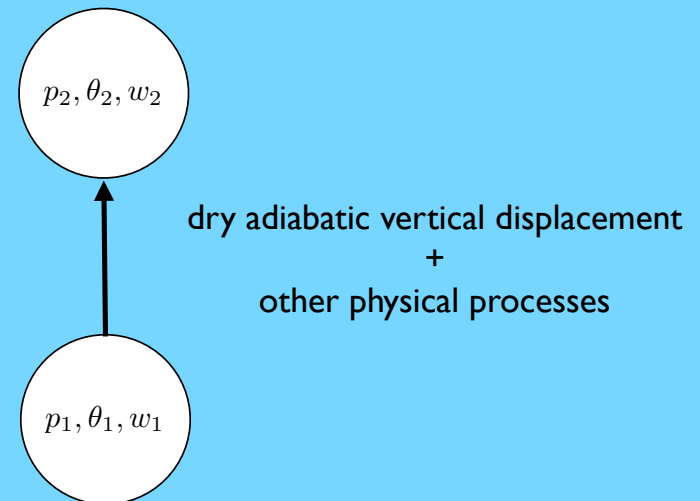
Parcel Model



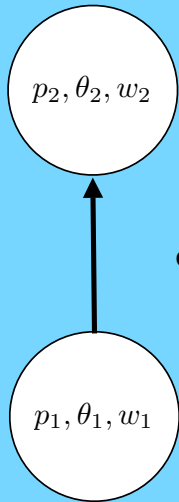
Parcel Model



Parcel Model



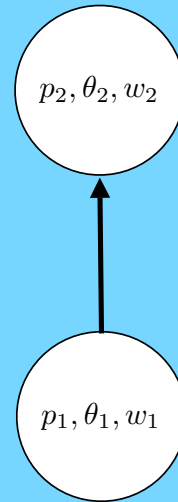
Parcel Model



$$\begin{aligned}
 p_2 &= p_1 + dp \\
 \theta_2 &= \theta_1 \\
 w_2 &= w_1
 \end{aligned}$$

dry adiabatic vertical displacement

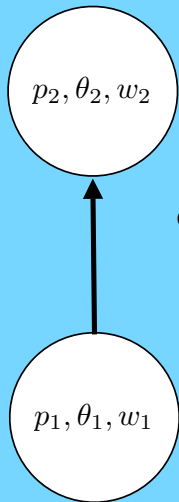
Parcel Model



$$\begin{aligned}
 p_2 &= p_1 \\
 \theta_2 &= \theta_1 + d\theta \\
 w_2 &= w_1 + dw
 \end{aligned}$$

isobaric processes

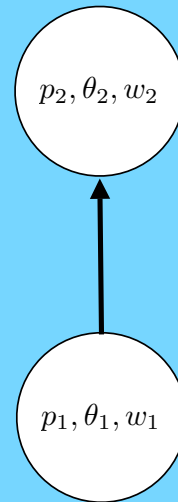
Parcel Model



$$\begin{aligned}
 p_2 &= p_1 + dp \\
 \theta_2 &= \theta_1 + d\theta \\
 w_2 &= w_1 + dw
 \end{aligned}$$

dry adiabatic vertical displacement
+
other physical processes

Parcel Model: Buoyancy

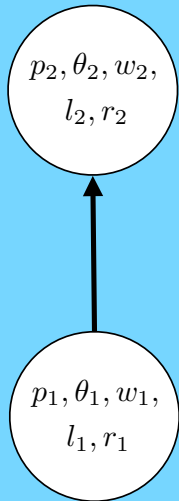


$$\bar{p}_2, \bar{\theta}_2, \bar{w}_2 \quad (\text{environment})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= \frac{dz}{dt} \quad (\text{vertical velocity}) \\
 \frac{dW}{dt} &= -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial(p - \bar{p})}{\partial z} + g \frac{\theta_v - \bar{\theta}_v}{\theta_v} \\
 &\quad (\text{vertical p.g.f.}) \quad (\text{buoyancy})
 \end{aligned}$$

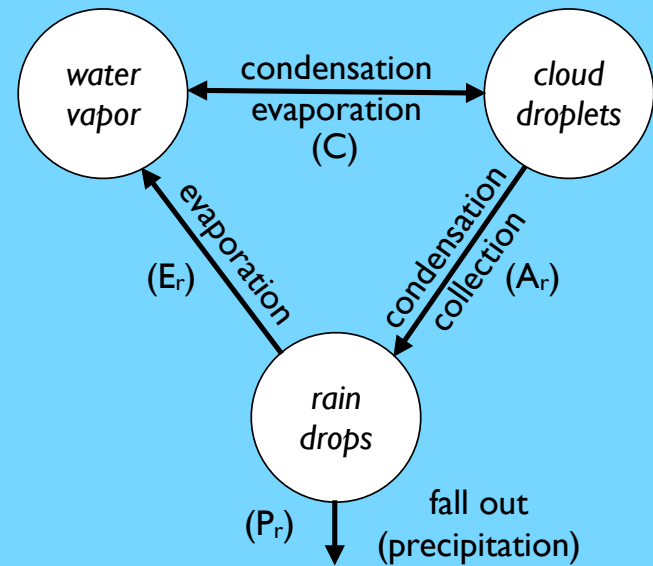
$$\bar{p}_1, \bar{\theta}_1, \bar{w}_1 \quad (\text{environment})$$

Parcel Model: More Variables



θ = potential temperature
 w = water vapor mixing ratio (g/kg)
 l = cloud water mixing ratio (g/kg)
 r = rain water mixing ratio (g/kg)

Microphysics



Parcel Model: More Variables

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{L}{c_p \bar{\pi}} (C - E_r) + D_\theta$$

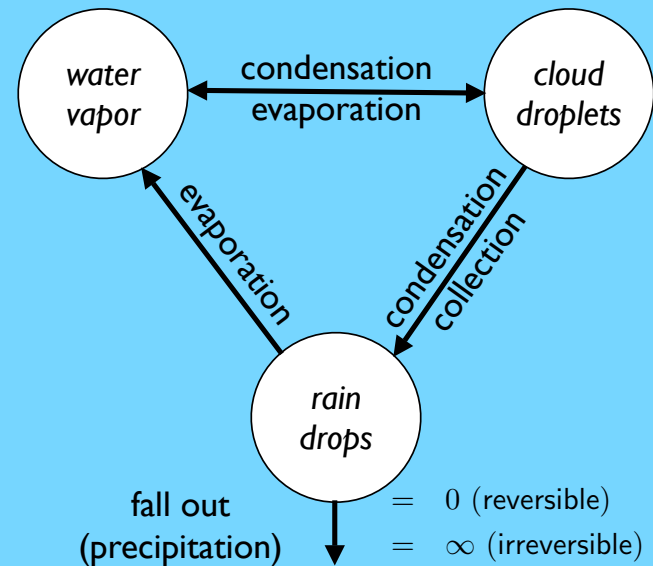
$$\frac{dw}{dt} = -(C - E_r) + D_w$$

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = C - A_r + D_l$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = P_r + A_r - E_r + D_r$$

$\bar{\pi} = (\bar{p}/p_0)^{R/c_p}$, C is the net condensation rate, E_r is the rain evaporation rate, A_r is the cloud-to-rain water conversion rate, P_r is the convergence of rain water flux, and D_i represents the effects of entrainment and mixing.

Simplified Microphysics



Simplified Microphysics

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{L}{c_p \bar{\pi}} C$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = -C + E_r$$

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = C - A_r$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = P_r + A_r - E_r$$

$$P_r = 0 \text{ (reversible)}$$

$$P_r = \infty \text{ (irreversible)}$$

More Simplified Microphysics

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{L}{c_p \bar{\pi}} C$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = -C$$

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = C - A_r$$

$$A_r = 0 \text{ (reversible)}$$

$$A_r = \infty \text{ (irreversible)}$$

Parcel Model

